



PMC - 726

Polyurethane Rubber Compound

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

PMC-726 is a versatile liquid rubber compound that is a sister product to our PMC-724 with a Shore A hardness of 60. It mixes and pours easily, curing to a very durable elastomer with negligible shrinkage.

Using optional 'Part D' allows you to thicken PMC-726 to a paste-like consistency for vertical surface brush-on applications. It can also be used in conjunction with PMC-724 when a more durable "surface coat" is required. Applications include casting hard gypsum plasters for reproducing sculpture and architectural pieces.

TECHNICAL OVERVIEW

Key Values: ~**Mixing Ratio:** One Part A to Ten Parts B by weight ~**Shore A Hardness:** 60
 ~**Pot Life:** 25 minutes ~**Cure Time/Demold:** 16 hours at room temperature. ~**Color:** Light Tan

Properties	Viscosity	G/CC	Cu. In./Lb.
Mixed A+B	3,000 cps	1.36	20.4
Ultimate Tensile Strength . . .	600 psi	Elongation At Break	400%
Die C Tear Strength . . .	100 pli	Shrinkage	negligible
100 % Modulus	155 psi		

Preparing Your Model

Applying A Release Agent

Some Materials Must Be Sealed . . . To prevent adhesion between the rubber and model surface, models made of porous materials (gypsum plasters, concrete, wood, stone, etc.) must be sealed prior to applying a release agent. **Superseal** (available from Smooth-On) will seal porous surfaces like gypsum or wood and have minimal effect on surface detail and texture. A high quality Shellac is suitable for sealing modeling clays that contain sulfur (Roma Plastalina) or moisture (water based). Sulfur-free and non-water based clays require release agent only. Thermoplastics (polystyrene) must also be sealed with shellac or PVA. **In all cases**, the sealing agent should be applied and allowed to completely dry prior to applying a release agent

Applying A Release Agent . . . A release agent is necessary to facilitate demolding when casting into or over most surfaces. Use a release agent made specifically for mold making (such as Universal Mold Release - available from Smooth-On). A liberal coat of release agent should be applied onto all surfaces that will contact the rubber.

~IMPORTANT: To ensure thorough coverage, lightly brush the release agent with a soft brush over all surfaces of the model. Follow with a light mist coating and let the release agent dry for 30 minutes. **Because no two applications are quite the same, a small test application to determine suitability for your project is recommended if performance of this material is in question.**

Need Technical Help? Call (800) 762-0744.

Measuring & Mixing . . .

Liquid urethanes are **moisture sensitive** and will absorb atmospheric moisture. Mixing tools and containers should be clean and made of metal, glass or plastic. Materials should be stored and used in a warm environment (72° F / 22° C). **IMPORTANT:** Shelf life of product is drastically reduced after opening. Immediately replacing the lids on both containers after dispensing product will prolong the shelf life of the unused product. **XTEND-IT Dry Gas Blanket** (available from Smooth-On) will significantly prolong the shelf life of unused liquid urethane products. This product has a limited shelf life and should be used as soon as possible. Wear safety glasses, long sleeves and rubber gloves to minimize contamination risk.

Important: Pre-Mix the Part B before using. After dispensing equal amounts of Parts A and B into mixing container, mix thoroughly for at least 3 minutes making sure that you scrape the sides and bottom of the mixing container several times. **If Mixing Large Quantities** (16 lbs./7 kgs. or more) at one time, use a mechanical mixer (i.e. Squirrel Mixer or equal) for 3 minutes followed by careful hand mixing for one minute as directed above. Then, pour entire quantity into a new, clean mixing container and do it all over again.

Although this product is formulated to minimize air bubbles in your cured mold, vacuum degassing will further reduce entrapped air.

For vertical surface brush-on applications, you can attain different viscosities in the mixed uncured rubber by varying the percentage Part D. Consistencies can range from that of thin latex paint to a greaselike putty which can be applied to your piece using a brush or a spatula. Part D may be added in amounts up to 2 parts by weight per 100 parts of Part B. It must be thoroughly mixed into Part B before combining with Part A. In addition, for each 1 part of Part D used, one extra part of Part A must be added as follows:

PARTS BY WEIGHT			
PART B	+ PART D (Mix parts B and D thoroughly)	+ PART A (Mix Again)	= CONSISTENCY
100	1	11	Latex Paint
100	2	12	Grease-Like

The pot life of mixed PMC-726 with Part D added may be slightly shorter than without Part D. The cured rubber containing Part D is slightly harder than without Part D.

Pouring

Curing

Mold Performance

For best results, pour your mixture in a single spot at the lowest point of the containment field. Let the rubber seek its level up and over the model. **A uniform flow will help minimize entrapped air.** The liquid rubber should level off at least 1/2" (1.3 cm) over the highest point of the model surface.

Curing . . . Allow the mold to cure overnight (at least 16 hours) at room temperature (77 F/25 C) before demolding.

Cure time can be reduced with mild heat or by adding Smooth-On "Kick-It" Cure Accelerator. Do not cure rubber where temperature is less than 65 F / 18 C.

Post Curing – After rubber has cured at room temperature, heating the rubber to 150° F (65° C) for 4 to 8 hours will increase physical properties and performance.

Using The Mold . . . A release agent should be applied to the mold before each casting. The type of release agent to use depends on the material being cast. The proper release agent for **wax, liquid rubber or thermosetting materials** (Smooth-On liquid plastics) is a spray release made specifically for mold making (Universal Mold Release). Be sure to follow directions for proper application of release agent. Prior to casting **gypsum plasters**, sponge the mold with a soap solution for better plaster flow and easy release. **Especially for releasing concrete**, Smooth-On makes an economical water based release concentrate called "IN & OUT".

Mold Performance & Storage - Fully cured molds made are tough, durable and will perform if properly used and stored. The physical life of the mold depends on how you use it (materials cast, frequency, etc.). Casting abrasive materials such as concrete will eventually erode mold detail, while casting non-abrasive materials (wax) will not affect mold detail. Before storing, the mold should be cleaned with a soap solution and wiped fully dry. Two part (or more) molds should be assembled. Molds should be stored on a level surface in a cool, dry environment. Do not stack molds; expose them to moisture or UV light.

SAFETY FIRST!

The Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this or any Smooth-On product should be read prior to use and is available upon request from Smooth-On. All Smooth-On products are safe to use if directions are read and followed carefully.

Be careful. **Part A** is a TDI prepolymer. Vapors, which can be significant if material is heated or sprayed, cause lung damage and sensitization. Use only with adequate ventilation. Contact with skin and eyes may cause severe irritation. Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes and seek immediate medical attention. Remove from skin with waterless hand cleaner followed by soap and water. Prepolymers contain trace amounts of TDI which, if ingested, must be considered a potential carcinogen. Refer to MSDS. **Part B** is irritating to the eyes and skin. If contaminated, flush eyes with water for 15 minutes and seek immediate medical attention. Remove from skin with soap and water. When mixing with Part A follow precautions for handling isocyanates. **Important:** The information contained in this bulletin is considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data, the results to be obtained from the use thereof, or that any such use will not infringe upon a patent. User shall determine the suitability of the product for the intended application and assume all risk and liability whatsoever in connection therewith.